

Richard Barrett

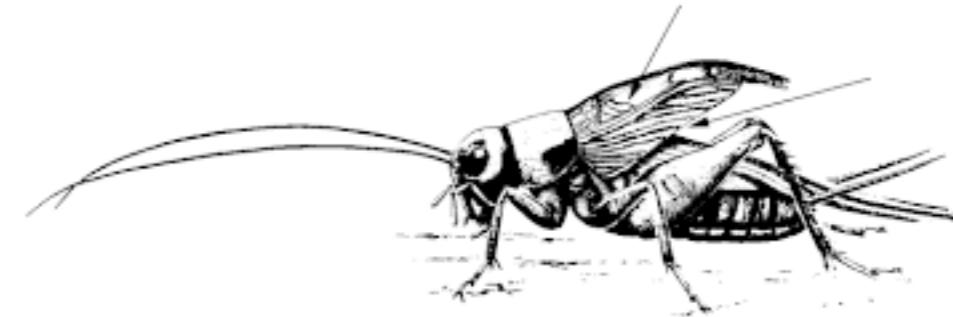
tegmen

2015-16
solo cello

performing score

tegmen (2015-16) for solo cello

for Michael Finnissy on his 70th birthday



duration: approximately 4'00"

Trills, tremoli and gracenotes always as fast as possible, unless otherwise indicated. Quartertones: (h) ♭ ♯ ♯ ♯ ♮ (h)

psp, msp = *poco* and *molto sul ponticello* respectively, the former already being noticeably different in timbre from *nat.*, the latter being as extreme as possible consistent with the fundamental pitch remaining audible. *pst, mst* = *poco* and *molto sul tasto* (similarly).

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ = ascending degrees of bow pressure: *flautando*; “normal”; exaggerated and distorted (pitch only just discernible); completely pitchless scraping.

-----→ = a smooth gradual transition between two states

● = normal left-hand fingerpressure, ♦ = “harmonic” fingerpressure, + = left-hand pizzicato

12343432123... = rapid exchange of fingers on a single pitch or glissando

] = stop bow on string (or damp any resonating sound); [= (re)start bow movement with bow already on string.

clb = *col legno battuto*; *clt* = *col legno tratto*

Δ = highest possible pitch on the indicated string

a legato slur *before* a notehead indicates that the sound is to be played with no discernible attack

Each of the four sections, delineated by tempo-changes, centres on one of the four strings, in ascending order, with the first and fourth sections *exclusively* played on the fourth and first string respectively. Differences in timbre between the four strings should not be minimised, even or especially when moving between them.

(*tegmen* – the hardened forewing of an insect; tegmina are used as sound boards by many species, especially Orthoptera; in many locusts they make a crackling noise in flight, and in many crickets the tegmina have undergone marked anatomical adaptations, often asymmetric, for sound production.)

tegmen is also a component of **šuma** for ensemble and electronics. Indications and additional materials for this version are in the full score.

$\text{♪}=60$

18

cello

II arco
IV psp - - - 4:3
II nat
IV mst
II msp
II pst - - -
II pizz msp
II clb 7:6
II arco msp
II nat - -> msp
II nat
II mst

19

cello

II arco psp (keeping fingers same distance apart) 8:7
II nat 23432123 - - -> msp
II mst 7:5 II pst
III II I 2 1 3 nat 5:4
II mst 3 4 1 1 2 3 4 2 3 4
III III I 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
II pizz msp
II clb 9:8
II mst 5:4
II nat - -> msp
II msp
II msp - - -> II psp
II psp

20

cello

II psp 4:3
III arco mst nat
II nat
IV pizz clb msp
III secco psp
II msp
II pst
IV clb mst
II arco msp
II nat - -> msp
II arco mst
I psp

21

cello

II arco psp II nat 4 34321 II msp
II nat - -> msp
II psp - - - 8:7
II pst
III
IV III
II pizz msp
II arco nat - -> msp -> nat
II clb
II arco msp
II psp
II mst
II psp - - - 11:8

$\text{♩} = 90$ semper sul I
(bracketed numbers in *italics* refer to the harmonic partial of the open A which is to be aimed at)

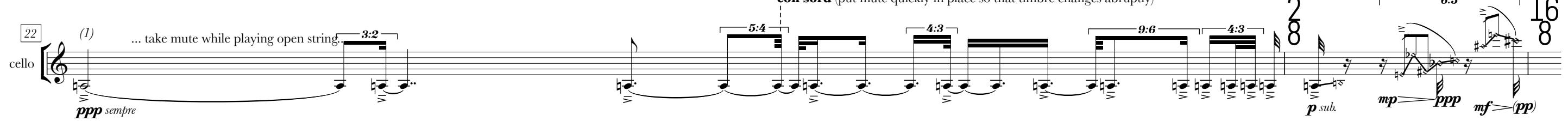
con sord (put mute quickly in place so that timbre changes abruptly)

cello

(1) ... take mute while playing open string

3:2 5:4 4:3 9:6 4:3 6:5

ppp *sempre* p sub. mp ppp mf (pp)

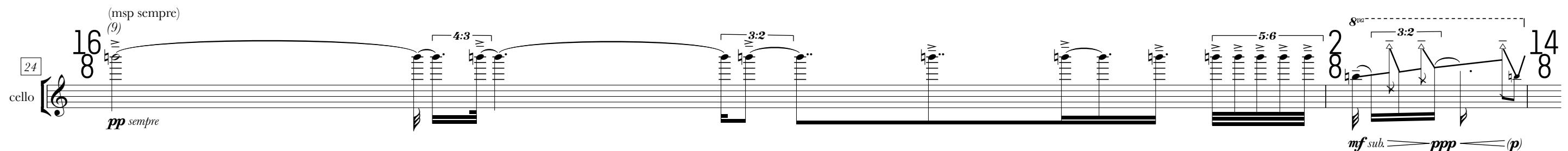


(msp sempre)

cello

16:8 4:3 3:2 5:6 2:8 3:2 14:8

pp sempre mf sub. ppp (p)

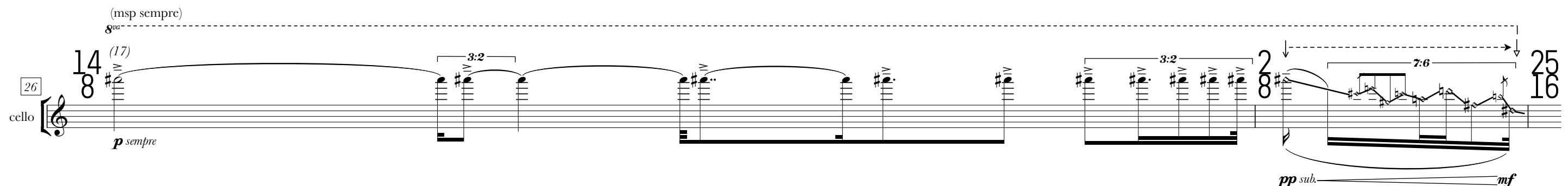


(msp sempre)

cello

14:8 3:2 2:8 3:2 7:6 25:16

p sempre pp sub. mf

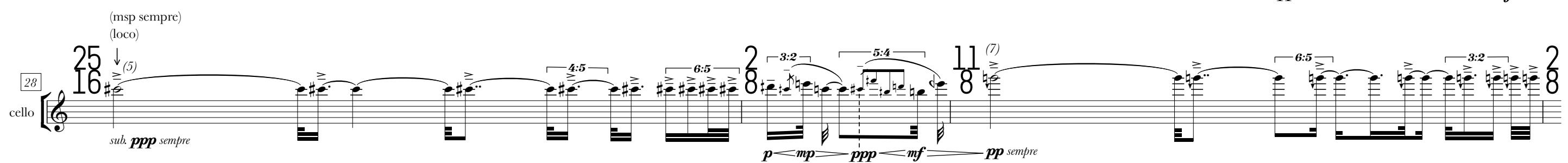


(msp sempre)
(*loco*)

cello

25:16 4:5 6:5 2:3 5:4 11:8 6:5 3:2

sub. ppp sempre p mp ppp mf pp sempre

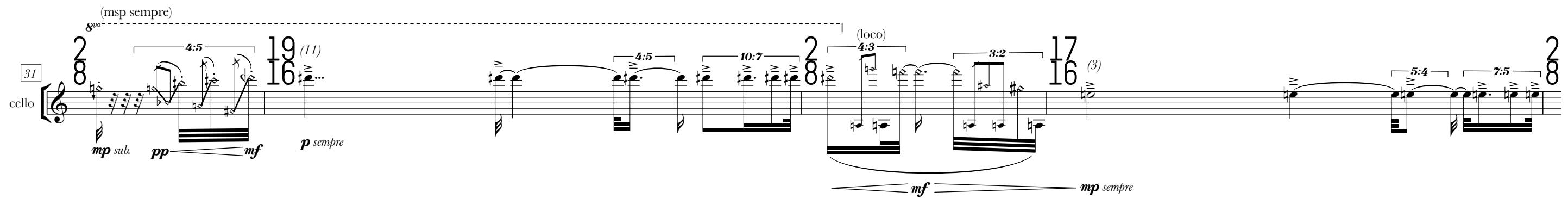


(msp sempre)

cello

2:8 4:5 10:7 2:4:3 3:2 17:16 5:4 7:5 2:8

mp sub. pp mf p sempre mf mp sempre



4 (msp sempre) 8va (flautando with longer bows!) 7 (13) 2 8 35 cello (mp) ppp sempre (msp sempre) 15ma 15ma (21) 16 5 16 (ppp) mf sub. pp sempre 4:3 5 16

(msp sempre) 15ma 5 16 3:2 5:6 11 (19) 16 5 16 6:7 7:5 9 (23) 8:7 39 cello (pp) mf p sempre loco mf p mp sempre p

(msp sempre) 8va 8:7 4:3 4 (15) 8 3 43 cello (mp) ppp mf sempre (hold bow tightly and stationary against string between sounds) 7 16 6:5 (final sounds without discernible pitch) loco mp sub. pp p mf

Beograd
1 May 2016